

party disclosures; and the estimated time per response varies from 2 minutes to 15 minutes.

Status of the proposed information collection: Reinstatement, with change, of previously approved collections for which approval have expired.

Authority: The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C., Chapter 35, as amended.

Dated: February 19, 2002.

John C. Weicher,

Assistant Secretary for Housing—Federal Housing Commissioner.

[FR Doc. 02-4716 Filed 2-27-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210-27-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

2002 Migratory Bird Hunting and Conservation Stamp (Federal Duck Stamp) Contest

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Fish and Wildlife Service announces the dates and locations of the 2002 Federal Duck stamp contest; the public is invited to enter and to attend.

DATES: 1. The official date to begin submission of entries to the 2002 contest is July 1, 2002. All entries must be postmarked no later than midnight, Saturday, August 31, 2002.

2. The public may view the 2002 Federal Duck Stamp Contest entries on Tuesday, October 15, 2002, from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

Judging will be held on Wednesday, October 16, 2002, from 10:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. and Thursday, October 17, 2002, from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m.

ADDRESSES: Requests for complete copies of the regulations, reproduction rights agreement, and display and participation agreement may be requested by calling 1-202-208-4354, or requests may be addressed to: Federal Duck Stamp Contest, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, 1849 C Street, NW., Suite 2058, Washington, DC 20240. You may also download the information from the Federal Duck Stamp Home Page at duckstamps.fws.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Terry Bell, telephone (202) 208-4354, or fax: (202) 208-6296.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On March 16, 1934, Congress passed and President Roosevelt signed the Migratory Bird Hunting Stamp Act.

Popularly known as the Duck Stamp Act, it required all waterfowl hunters 16 years or older to buy a stamp annually. The revenue generated was originally earmarked for the Department of Agriculture, but 5 years later was transferred to the Department of the Interior and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to buy or lease waterfowl sanctuaries.

In the years since its enactment, the Federal Duck Stamp Program has become one of the most popular and successful conservation programs ever initiated. Today, some 1.5 million stamps are sold each year, and, as of 2000, Federal Duck Stamps have generated \$511 million for the preservation of more than 5 million acres of waterfowl habitat in the Untied States. Numerous other birds, mammals, fish, reptiles and amphibians have similarly prospered because of habitat protection made possible by the program. An estimated one-third of the nation's endangered and threatened species find food or shelter in refuges preserved by Duck Stamp funds. Moreover, the protected wetlands help dissipate storms, purify water supplies, store flood water, and nourish fish hatchlings important for sport and commercial fishermen.

The Contest

The first Federal Duck Stamp was designed, at President Roosevelt's request, by Jay N. "Ding" Darling, a nationally known political cartoonist for the *Des Moines Register* and a noted hunter and wildlife conservationist. In subsequent years, noted wildlife artists were asked to submit designs. The first contest was opened in 1949 to any U.S. artist who wished to enter, and 65 artists submitted a total of 88 design entries in the only art competition of its kind sponsored by the U.S. Government. To select each year's design, a panel of noted art, waterfowl, and philatelic authorities are appointed by the Secretary of the interior. Winners received no compensation for the work, except a pane of their stamps, but winners may sell prints of their designs, which are sought by hunters, conservationists, and art collectors.

This year's contest is being held at an earlier date to provide a platform from which to kick off the National Wildlife Refuge Centennial celebration. In 2003, the refuge system will celebrate its 100th anniversary. The contest dates coincide with the 2002 National Wildlife Refuge Week.

The public may view the 2002 Federal Duck Stamp Contest entries on Tuesday, October 15, 2002, from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. in the Department of the Interior

Auditorium ("C" Street entrance), 1849 C Street, NW., Washington, DC. This year's judging will be held Wednesday, October 16, 2002, beginning at 10:30 a.m. and continuing at 9 a.m. on Thursday, October 17, 2002.

Dated: January 22, 2002.

Marshall Jones, Jr.,

Acting Director.

[FR Doc. 02-4704 Filed 2-27-02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-55-M

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Minerals Management Service

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection, Comment Request

AGENCY: Minerals Management Service (MMS), Interior.

ACTION: Notice of a revision of a currently approved information collection (OMB Control Number 1010-0121).

SUMMARY: To comply with the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995, we are inviting comments on a collection of information that we will submit to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval. The information collection request (ICR) is titled "Administrative Appeal Procedures" (formerly titled "Preliminary Statement of Issues and Fee Waiver").

DATES: Submit written comments on or before April 29, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments to Carol P. Shelby, Regulatory Specialist, Minerals Management Service, Minerals Revenue Management, P.O. Box 25165, MS 320B2, Denver, Colorado 80225. If you use an overnight courier service, MMS's courier address is Building 85, Room A-614, Denver Federal Center, Denver, Colorado 80225.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Carol P. Shelby, telephone (303) 231-3151, FAX (303) 231-3385.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Administrative Appeal Procedures.

OMB Control Number: 1010-0121.

Bureau Form Number: None.

Abstract: The Department of the Interior (DOI) is responsible for matters relevant to mineral resource development on Federal and Indian lands and in the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS). The Secretary of the Interior is responsible for managing the production of minerals from Federal and Indian lands and from the OCS, collecting royalties from lessees who produce