Reason: Extensive deterioration

North Carolina

Bldgs. A4671, A4673, A4854

Fort Bragg

Cumburland Co: NC 28310-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200540060

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

Bldgs. 31122, 31124, 31125

Fort Bragg

Cumburland Co: NC 28310-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200540061

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

Pennsylvania

Bldg. 00040 Carlisle Barracks

Cumberland Co: PA 17013-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200540062

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

Tennessee

Bldgs. 07878, 07882, 07884

Fort Campbell

Montgomery Co: TN 42223-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200540063

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

Bldg. 7900 Fort Campbell

Montgomery Co: TN 42223-Property Number: 21200540064 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

Bldgs. 7905, 7906, 7907

Fort Campbell

Montgomery Co: TN 42223-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200540065

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

4 Bldgs.

Fort Campbell

7908, 7909, 7910, 7911 Montgomery Co: TN 42223-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200540066 Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

4 Bldgs. Fort Campbell

7912, 7913, 7914, 7915

Montgomery Co: TN 42223-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200540067

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

4 Bldgs.

Fort Campbell

7920, 7921, 7922, 7923 Montgomery Co: TN 42223-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200540068

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

Bldgs. 7928, 7929, 7930 Fort Campbell

Montgomery Co: TN 42223-Landholding Agency: Army

Property Number: 21200540069

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

Bldgs. 7122, 7125

Fort Bliss El Paso Co: TX 79916-

Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200540070

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

Bldg. 7136 Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: TX 79916-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200540071

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

Bldgs. 7152, 7155 Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: TX 79916-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200540072

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

Bldg. 7167 Fort Bliss

El Paso Co: TX 79916-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200540073

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

Virginia

Bldg. 55 Fort Myer

Ft. Myer Co: VA 22211-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200540074

Status: Excess

Reason: Extensive deterioration

Wisconsin

Bldgs. M5H33, R0335

Fort McCov

Monroe Co: WI 54656-Landholding Agency: Army Property Number: 21200540075

Status: Unutilized

Reason: Extensive deterioration

[FR Doc. 05-21325 Filed 10-27-05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4210-29-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of the Secretary

Delaware & Lehigh National Heritage Corridor Commission Meeting

AGENCY: Department of Interior, Office of the Secretary.

ACTION: Notice of meeting.

SUMMARY: This notice announces an upcoming meeting of the Delaware & Lehigh National Heritage Corridor Commission. Notice of this meeting is required under the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92–463).

MEETING DATE AND TIME: Thursday, November 10, 2005-1:30 p.m. to 4 p.m. ADDRESSES: Lafayette College, 205 Pfenning Center, Easton, PA 18042.

The agenda for the meeting will focus on implementation of the Management Action Plan for the Delaware & Lehigh National Heritage Corridor and State Heritage Park. The Commission was established to assist the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and its political subdivisions in planning and implementing an integrated strategy for protecting and promoting cultural, historic and natural resources. The Commission reports to the Secretary of the Interior and to Congress.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Delaware & Lehigh National Heritage Corridor Commission was established by Public Law 100-692, November 18, 1988 and extended through Public Law 105-355, November 13, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: C.

Allen Sachse, Executive Director, Delaware & Lehigh National Heritage Corridor Commission, 1 South Third Street, 8th Floor, Easton PA 18042, (610) 923-3548.

Dated: October 24, 2005.

C. Allen Sachse,

Executive Director, Delaware & Lehigh National Heritage Corridor Commission. [FR Doc. 05–21538 Filed 10-27-05; 8:45am]

BILLING CODE 6820-P-EM

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Notice of Suspension of **Trade in Threatened Beluga Sturgeon** (Huso huso) From the Black Sea Basin

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: We, the Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), give notice that we are suspending import of and foreign commerce in beluga sturgeon (Huso huso) caviar and meat originating in the Black Sea littoral states of Bulgaria, Georgia, Romania, the Russian Federation, Serbia and Montenegro, Turkey, and Ukraine effective immediately. This suspension applies to shipments that have been exported directly from these countries, reexported through an intermediary country, or transported as personal or household effects, and it prohibits foreign commerce in the course of a commercial activity. We are taking this action under the special rule that was promulgated to control the trade of threatened beluga sturgeon (Huso huso) (70 FR 10493; March 4, 2005). Interstate

commerce in beluga sturgeon caviar or meat from the Black Sea basin that was legally imported into the United States before the trade suspension is not prohibited.

DATES: This notice is effective October 28, 2005.

ADDRESSES: Black Sea littoral states wishing to provide information that may allow us to lift this trade suspension may submit it by any one of several methods:

- 1. You may submit written information to Robert R. Gabel, Chief, Division of Scientific Authority, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 4401 North Fairfax Drive, Room 750, Arlington, Virginia 22203.
- 2. You may hand-deliver written information to the Division of Scientific Authority, at the above address, or fax your comments to 703–358–2276.
- 3. You may send information by electronic mail (e-mail) to ScientificAuthority@fws.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information pertaining to compliance with the special rule, contact Robert R. Gabel, Chief, Division of Scientific Authority, at the address above; telephone, 703–358–1708; fax, 703–358–2276. For further information on application procedures and requirements for threatened species permits, contact the Division of Management Authority, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, Room 700, Arlington, Virginia 22203; telephone, 703–358–2104; fax, 703–358–2281.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 21, 2004, we listed beluga sturgeon as threatened (69 FR 21425) under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) (Act). We subsequently published a special rule concerning beluga sturgeon (70 FR 10493; March 4, 2005) under section 4(d) of the Act. The special rule, located at 50 CFR 17.44(y) of our regulations, promotes the conservation of the species by allowing the import, export or reexport, and interstate and foreign commerce of beluga sturgeon caviar and meat, without threatened species permits otherwise required under 50 CFR 17.32, from littoral states in the Caspian and Black Sea basins that demonstrate progress on measures to protect and recover the species. The special rule requires countries wishing to export beluga sturgeon caviar or meat to the United States under this exemption to provide, by September 6, 2005, copies of basin-wide cooperative management plans for beluga sturgeon agreed to by all littoral states in the

Black Sea or Caspian Sea basin along with copies of national laws implementing the management plans.

İmport of and foreign commerce in Black Sea beluga sturgeon suspended. We have not received a basin-wide management plan for beluga sturgeon from any of the littoral states in the Black Sea basin. We received information from Bulgaria, Georgia, and Serbia and Montenegro, including a copy of a document signed by Bulgaria, Romania, and Serbia and Montenegro in which they agree to implement a regional strategy for conservation and sustainable management of sturgeon populations of the northwest Black Sea and lower Danube River. While we applaud the efforts of these countries in working toward regional cooperation, this regional agreement does not fulfill the requirements of the special rule. Under the special rule, the littoral states are required to submit a basin-wide management plan agreed to by all littoral states in the Black Sea basin (not just exporting countries). A regional plan covering only a portion of the Black Sea is not sufficient to meet this requirement. Bulgaria, Georgia, Romania, the Russian Federation, Serbia and Montenegro, Turkey, and Ukraine have therefore failed to meet the conditions of the special rule. As a result, beluga sturgeon caviar (including products containing caviar, such as cosmetics) and meat from these countries are no longer eligible for the exemption from threatened species permits provided by the special rule. Therefore, you may not import or reexport, sell or offer for sale in foreign commerce, or deliver, receive, carry, transport, or ship in foreign commerce in the course of a commercial activity any beluga sturgeon caviar or meat from these Black Sea countries on or after the effective date of this Federal Register notice (see DATES section) without a threatened species permit. Beluga sturgeon caviar or meat originating in these countries that has been shipped on or after the effective date of this Federal Register notice (see DATES section) without a threatened species permit issued under 50 CFR 17.32 will be refused clearance upon arrival in the United States, including shipments that have been exported directly from the countries listed above in this paragraph, re-exported through an intermediary country, or transported as personal or household effects.

Threatened species permits may only be issued for beluga sturgeon from the Black Sea basin if we determine that the proposed import, re-export, or interstate or foreign commerce would meet the regulatory requirements in 50 CFR 17.32. Applicants must demonstrate that their proposed activities would provide for the conservation of the species.

Beluga sturgeon products legally imported before the trade suspension. Beluga sturgeon caviar or meat from Bulgaria, Georgia, Romania, the Russian Federation, Serbia and Montenegro, Turkey, or Ukraine that was legally imported into the United States prior to the trade suspension will continue to be authorized for interstate commerce under the special rule without a threatened species permit. Due to the perishable nature of sturgeon caviar and meat, the exemption for interstate commerce in beluga sturgeon caviar and meat legally imported prior to the trade suspension will continue for a period of no more than 18 months after the date of issuance of the original Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (ĈITES) export permit, in accordance with the CITES resolution on the "Conservation of and trade in sturgeons and paddlefish" (Resolution Conf. 12.7 (Rev. CoP13)). Individuals should maintain accurate records to be able to demonstrate that their beluga sturgeon caviar and meat were legally imported prior to the trade suspension.

Conditions for lifting of the trade suspension. Under the special rule, if the littoral states fail to submit a basinwide management plan for beluga sturgeon, or if we are unable to confirm that all littoral states in the basin are signatories to the plan, we will immediately suspend trade with all littoral states in the basin until we are satisfied that such a management plan exists. Likewise, under the special rule, if the littoral states fail to submit copies of national laws and regulations that implement the basin-wide management plan, we will immediately suspend trade with the given littoral states until we are satisfied that such laws and regulations are in effect. For us to consider lifting the trade suspension, the littoral states of the Black Sea basin must submit a basin-wide management plan for beluga sturgeon. This plan must include all the elements specified in the beluga sturgeon special rule and be signed by all littoral states in the basin. In addition, each littoral state wishing to export beluga sturgeon caviar and meat to the United States under the exemption provided by the special rule must submit copies of their national laws that implement the basin-wide plan. Information on how to submit such materials is located in the **ADDRESSES** section.

Aquaculture facilities. The special

rule allows aquaculture facilities outside the Caspian and Black Sea basins to obtain an exemption from threatened species permits otherwise required under 50 CFR 17.32 if they meet certain conditions. We have not yet received any requests for such an exemption. Under the special rule, there is no deadline for receipt of applications from aquaculture facilities seeking an exemption.

Authority: The authority for this action is the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

Dated: October 13, 2005.

Craig Manson.

Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks.

[FR Doc. 05–21534 Filed 10–27–05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-55-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management [MT-069-1610-DP-024E]

Notice of Availability of the Draft Resource Management Plan and Environmental Impact Statement (DRMP/EIS) for the Upper Missouri River Breaks National Monument, MT

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 and under the authority of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) has prepared a Draft Resource Management Plan and Environmental Impact Statement (DRMP/EIS) for public land and resources in the Upper Missouri River Breaks National Monument, Montana. BLM invites the public to review and comment on the range and adequacy of the draft alternatives and their associated environmental effects. The DRMP/EIS provides direction and guidance for the management of about 375,000 acres of public land and 42,800 acres of existing oil and gas leases.

DATES: The comment period will end 90 days after the Environmental Protection Agency publishes a Notice of Availability in the Federal Register announcing the availability of this DRMP/EIS. In order to assure that comments will be considered, they must be received by BLM on or before the end of the comment period at the address listed below. BLM will hold public meetings during the comment period and will announce their exact time and location at least 15 days in advance through public notices, media news

releases, newsletter mailings, and on the following Web site (subject to availability): http://www.blm.gov/nhp./spotlight/state_info/planning.htm.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be sent to: Monument RMP Team, BLM Lewistown Field Office, 920 NE Main Street, PO Box 1160, Lewistown, Montana 59457. Comments may also be sent by e-mail to

MonumentRMP@blm.gov. Documents pertinent to the DRMP/EIS and written comments, including names and street addresses of respondents, will be available for public review at the Lewistown Field Office at the address above during regular business hours, 7:45 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except holidays.

Review copies of the DRMP/EIS are available at the following locations in and near the planning area:

BLM Fort Benton River Management Station

BLM Great Falls Oil @ Gas Field Station BLM Havre Field Station BLM Lewistown Field Office BLM Malta Field Office BLM Montana State Office Blaine County Library Lewistown Public Library Phillips County Library

The DRMP/EIS and other associated documents may also be viewed and downloaded in PDF format at the Monument RMP Web site at http://www.blm.gov/nhp/spotlight/state_info/planning.htm.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information and/or to have your name added to the mailing list contact Jerry Majerus, RMP Project Manager, at (406) 538–1924, or Gary Slagel, Monument Manager, at (406) 538–1950.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Upper Missouri River Breaks National Monument is located in northcentral Montana in Blaine, Chouteau, Fergus, and Phillips Counties. The planning area addressed in the RMP comprises about 375,000 acres of public land and 42,800 acres of existing oil and gas leases administered by the BLM Lewistown Field Office. The State of Montana and Blaine, Chouteau, Fergus, and Phillips Counties participated in development of the plan as cooperating agencies.

The public involvement and collaboration process implemented for this effort included 11 public scoping open houses, 11 alternative development workshops, 6 public meetings on oil and gas leases, preparation of comment summary reports, incorporation of recommendations from the Central

Montana Resource Advisory Council (RAC), and distribution of information via the Monument RMP Web site and periodic updates and newsletters. BLM has sent copies of the DRMP/EIS to individuals, agencies, and groups who requested them or if this was required by regulation or policy.

For comments to be most helpful, they should relate to specific concerns or conflicts that are within the legal responsibilities of the BLM and can be resolved in this planning process. BLM will publish its responses to the comments in the Proposed Resource Management Plan and Final Environmental Impact Statement. If you wish to withhold your name or street address from public review or from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, you must state this prominently at the beginning of your written comment. Such requests will be honored to the extent allowed by law. All submissions from organizations and businesses, and from individuals identifying themselves as representatives or officials of organizations or businesses, will be available for public inspection in their entirety.

The DRMP/EIS addresses the following six major questions: How will human activities and uses be managed? What facilities and infrastructure are appropriate to provide visitor interpretation and administration of the Monument? How will BLM manage resource uses and protect the biological. historical, cultural, and visual values of the Monument? How will Monument management be intergrated with other agency and community plans? How will transportation and access be managed? How will Monument management affect economic and social conditions in the area?

The DRMP/EIS considers and analyzes six alternatives (A-F), including the No Action (Continuation of Current Management) alternative. BLM developed these alternatives based on extensive public input, including scoping (July/August 2002); alternative development workshops (July 2003); oil and gas lease meetings (November 2004); numerous meetings with local, state, tribal, and Federal agencies; and recommendations made by the Central Montana RAC. The BLM expects to prepare and make available a Proposed RMP and Final Environmental Impact Statement after reviewing comments and making any pertinent adjustments by summer 2006.